
1st Section

- 200 Joint Regulations for all Ski Competitions
- 201 Classification of Competitions
- 201.1 Olympic Winter Games, FIS World Ski Championships and FIS World Junior Ski Championships
- 201.2 FIS World Cup
- 201.3 FIS Continental Cups
- 201.4 International FIS Competitions (FIS Races)
- 201.5 Competitions with Restricted Participation
- 201.6 Competitions with Non-Members
- 201.7 Candidature and Announcement
- 201.7.1 Each National Ski Association is entitled to present its candidature for the organizing of the FIS World Ski Championships in accordance with the published Rules for the Organization of World Ski Championships.
- 201.7.2 For all other competitions, the announcements have to be according to the Rules for the Calendar Conference published in the ~~International Ski~~FIS Calendar
- 201.8 Organization and Conduct of Competitions
Rules for the organization and conduct of the various competitions are to be found in their respective rules as published for the organization of such competitions
- 201.9 Participation
Competitions listed in the ~~International Ski~~FIS Calendar are only open to all properly licenced competitors entered by their National Ski Associations in accordance with current Quota's.
- 201.10 Control
All competitions listed in the ~~International Ski~~FIS Calendar must be supervised by a Technical Delegate of the FIS.
- 201.11 Competitions with Limited Participation
National Ski Associations affiliated with the FIS - or clubs belonging to these National Ski Associations with the approval of their association - may invite neighbouring National Ski Associations or their clubs to their own competitions. But these competitions must not be promulgated or announced as international competitions, and the limitation must be made clear in the announcement.
- 201.12 Competitions with Non-Members
The FIS Council can authorize one of its member National Ski Associations to invite a non-member organization (military etc.) to competitions, or accept invitations from such an organization.

202	Application of the FIS Rules and Sanctions	
202.1	All events in the International Ski <u>FIS</u> Calendar must be held under the applicable FIS Rules.	
202.2	Competitions with limited participation or including non-members may be held under special competition rules as approved by the FIS Council. Any such Rules must be published in the announcement.	
202.3	The FIS Council may sanction organizers who through their own fault, prepare competitions so poorly that they have to be cancelled by the Jury or the TD.	
202.4	Organizers which hold competitions involving competitors not qualified under art. 208-213 have violated the International Competition Rules and measures are to be taken against them by the FIS Council.	
203	Types of Competitions	
	The International Ski Competitions consist of:	
203.1	Nordic Events	
	Ladies:	Cross-Country, Popular Cross-Country, Rollerskiing
	Men:	Cross-Country, Rollerskiing, Jumping, Ski Flying, Nordic Combined, Team Competitions in Nordic Combination, Nordic Combination with Rollerskiing, Team Jumping, Jumping on plastic jumping hills, Popular Cross-Country.
203.2	Alpine Events	
	Ladies and Men:	Downhill, Slalom, Giant Slalom, Super G, Parallel Competitions, Alpine Combinations
203.3	Competitions under Artificial Light	
203.4	Team Competitions	
203.5	Combined Events with other Sports	
203.6	Speed Skiing Competitions	
203.7	Children and Masters Competitions	
203.8	Freestyle Competitions	
	Ladies and Men:	Acro, Dual Moguls, Moguls, Aerials, Combination
203.9	Grass Ski Competitions	
203.10	Snowboard	
	Ladies and Men:	Slalom, Parallel Slalom, Giant Slalom, Parallel Giant Slalom, Super G, Halfpipe, Special event
203.11	Telemark	
203.12	Firngleiten	

204	Calendar Conference and International Ski <u>FIS</u> Calendar	
204.1	The International Ski <u>FIS</u> Calendar Conference will be held every year in the month of May/June.	
204.2	The FIS Council will publish the International Ski <u>FIS</u> Calendar annually.	
205	Calendar Fees	
205.1	In addition to the annual subscription the FIS Congress fixes a calendar fee for each event in the International Ski <u>FIS</u> Calendar.	
205.2	The actual scale of fees is found in the International Ski <u>FIS</u> Calendar.	
206	The Organization	
206.1	The Organizer	
206.1.1	The organizer of an international ski competition is the person or group of persons who make the necessary preparations and directly carry out the running of the competition in the resort.	
206.1.2	If the National Ski Association itself is not the competition organizer, it may appoint an affiliated club to be the organizer	
206.1.3	The Organizer is responsible that accredited persons accept the regulations regarding the competition rules and Jury decisions, and is obliged to obtain the signature of all persons who do not have a valid FIS season accreditation on an "Acceptance of Responsibility" form to this effect.	
206.2	The Organizing Committee The Organizing Committee consists of those members (physical or legal) who are delegated by the organizer and by the International Ski Federation. It carries the rights, duties and obligations of the organizer.	
207	Announcements	
207.1	The Organizing Committee must publish an announcement for the event. It must contain the information required by art. 216.	
207.2	Organizers are bound by the rules and decisions of the FIS in limiting the number of entries. Reduction in entries is possible under art. 201, provided it is made clear in the announcement.	
207.3	Postponements or cancellations of competitions and programme alterations must be communicated immediately by telephone, or telefax to the FIS Office, all invited or entered National Ski Associations and the appointed TD. Competitions moved to an earlier date from that published in the Calendar must be approved by the FIS Office	
208	The FIS Licence	

- 208.1 The FIS licence year begins on July 1st and finishes on June 30th of the following year.
- 208.2 To be eligible for participation in international ski events, a competitor must have a FIS Licence issued by his National Association. Such a licence shall be valid in the Northern and Southern hemispheres for the licence year only. The validity of a licence can be limited to participation in one specific country or in one or more specific events.
The FIS Licence will only be issued to competitors who have personally signed the Athletes Declaration, in the actual form approved by the FIS Council. All forms from under-age applicants must be counter-signed by their legal guardians. The National Ski Associations are responsible for ensuring that the FIS Licence is only issued to competitors who have completed and signed the Athletes Declaration according to the rules.
- 208.3 A National Ski Association may only issue a FIS Licence when the competitor has signed the Athletes Declaration and returned it to his National Ski Association.
- 208.4 During the FIS licence year, a competitor may only participate in International FIS competitions with one FIS Licence issued by his respective National Ski Association.
- 208.5 A competitor must be a citizen of the country of which National Ski Association he has a licence and prove this with a valid passport.
- 208.5.1 In case of geographical enclaves the FIS Council can grant exceptions on request of both National Ski Associations concerned.
- 208.5.2 Competitors who have more than one nationality are only allowed to compete for the National Ski Association in which they have their permanent place of residence.
- 208.5.3 If a competitor has already participated at international events for a National Ski Association, in case of a change of nationality and the National Ski Association, he may not participate in any international FIS ski competitions for a period of twelve months from the departure from his previous ~~must have a written agreement from his former National Ski Association in addition to the requirements in art. 208.5, before he has the right to participate for a new National Ski Association.~~
~~If this written agreement is not given, the competitor may not participate in any international FIS ski competitions for a period of twelve months from the end of the last season in which he competed for his present~~ National Ski Association, nor may he be issued with a licence from a new National Ski Association during this period.
These rules are also valid when a competitor has more than one nationality and would like to compete for another National Ski Association than his current one.
The FIS Council, after consultation with the parties concerned, may grant exceptions for justifiable cases.
- 208.5.4 Every competitor automatically loses his old FIS points if he changes his National Association.
- 209 Qualification of Competitors

- 209.1 A National Ski Association shall not issue a licence to any competitor who:
- 209.1.1 has been guilty of improper or unsportsman-like conduct or has not respected or conformed to all aspects of the FIS medical code;
- 209.1.2 accepts or has accepted, directly or indirectly, any money-payments in a way which does not conform to the rules for participation in a competition;
- 209.1.3 accepts or has accepted a prize of a higher value than fixed by article 225;
- 209.1.4 permits or has permitted his name, title or individual picture to be used for advertising, except when the National Ski Association concerned, or its ski-pool, is party to the contract for sponsorship, equipment or advertisements.
- 209.1.5 knowingly competes or has competed against any skier not eligible according to the FIS Rules, except if:
- 209.1.5.1 the competition is approved by the FIS Council, is directly controlled by the FIS or by a National Ski Association, and the competition is announced "open".
- 209.1.6 has not signed the Athletes Declaration.
- 210 Sponsorships and Advertising
- 210.1 A National Ski Association or its ski pool may enter into contracts with a commercial firm or organization for financial sponsorship and or the supply of goods or equipment if the specific company or organization is acknowledged as an Official Supplier or Sponsor by the National Ski Association. Advertising using photographs, likenesses or names of FIS competitors with any sportsman not eligible according to either the FIS eligibility rules or the eligibility rules of the IOC, is forbidden. Advertising with or on competitors with tobacco or alcohol products or drugs (narcotics) is forbidden.
- 210.2 All payments under such contracts must be made to the National Ski Association or its ski pool which shall receive the payments and administer them on behalf of the competitor subject to the regulations of each National Ski Association. Competitors may not directly receive any part of such compensation except as stated in art. 212. The FIS may at any time call for a copy of the contract.
- 210.3 Equipment goods supplied to and used by the national team must, with reference to markings and trade marks, conform with the specifications stated in art. 211.
- 210.4 If a competitor is employed by a firm which is contracted to the National Ski Association or ski pool as a supplier, then any material advantages received by the competitor from the supplier for any service or for any regular employment must be within the general standards for wages, salaries and compensation of the trade concerned.
- 210.5 Competitors are not permitted to take off their skis before crossing the red line in the finish area, as defined by the event organizer.

- 210.6 At FIS World Ski Championships and all alpine and nordic events in the FIS Calendar, a competitor is not allowed to take skis to the official ceremonies which have anthems and/or flag raising.
Holding skis on the victory podium before and after the ceremony for press photos, pictures, etc. is however permitted. An unofficial presentation of the winner, even before the protest time has expired, is allowed at the organizer's own risk.
- 210.7 Team Clothing at FIS World Cup events and FIS World Championships
Only team clothing, according to the FIS rules on advertising, provided by the National Ski Association, complete with the commercial markings approved by the National Ski Association, may be worn in FIS World Cup and FIS World Championship competitions.
- 210.8 Obscene Names and/or Symbols on Clothing and Equipment
Obscene names and/or symbols on clothing and equipment are forbidden.
- 211 Commercial Markings on Equipment

Technical Specifications about the size, the form and the number of commercial markings are decided by the FIS Council each spring for the following competition season and published in the [International SkiFIS](#) Calendar.
- 212 Support for the Competitors
- 212.1 During a period of preparation, to be defined from time to time by the FIS Council, and during the period of actual competition, a competitor may accept:
- 212.1.1 full compensation for travel to training and competition sites by train, air, car or other means of transport;
- 212.1.2 full reimbursement for accommodation during training and competitions;
- 212.1.3 pocket money;
- 212.1.4 compensation for loss of income according to decisions of the National Ski Associations;
- 212.1.5 social security including insurance, also covering accident or illness in connection with training or competition;
- 212.1.6 scholarships.
- 212.2 A National Ski Association may reserve funds to secure a competitor's education and future career after retiring from active competitive skiing. The competitor has no legal claim to these funds which shall be dispensed only according to the judgement of the National Ski Association concerned.
- 213 Controls and Sanctions
- 213.1 The rules covering advertising on equipment must be followed.

- 213.2 Any Competitor who breaches these rules shall be reported to the FIS Office forthwith.
- 213.3 If a National Ski Association fails to enforce the rules or for any reason prefers to refer the case to the FIS, the FIS may take immediate steps to suspend a skier's licence. The competitor concerned and/or his National Ski Association have the right to make an appeal before a definite decision is taken.
- 213.4 A competitor whose licence has been suspended may only have a new licence issued after he has proved that any sanctions imposed have been fulfilled.
- 213.5 If an advertiser exploits the use of the name, title or individual picture of a competitor in connection with any advertisement, recommendation or sale of goods without the approval or knowledge of the competitor, the competitor may give a "power of attorney" to his National Ski Association or to the FIS to enable them, if necessary, to take legal action against the company in question. If the competitor concerned fails to do so, the FIS shall judge the situation as if the competitor had given permission to the company.
- 213.6 Every legal sanction imposed and published in respect of a competitor, official or trainer, will be recognized by the FIS and the National Ski Associations respectively.
- 214 FIS Authority
- 214.1 The Eligibility Committee shall review if and how far infractions or breaches of rules have taken place in regard to qualification of competitors, sponsorship and advertising, ~~commercial markings on equipment~~, support for the competitors ~~(209 to 212)~~ and report their findings to the FIS Office.
- 215 Special Regulations
- The FIS Council can authorize a National Ski Association to adopt rules and regulations and to organize national or international competitions with different grounds for qualification but only provided that they do not go beyond the limits laid down in the present rules.
- 216 Programme
- A programme must be published by the organizers for each competition listed in the ~~International Ski~~FIS Calendar which must contain the following:
- 216.1 date and place of the competitions, together with information on the competition sites and the best ways of reaching them;
- 216.2 technical data on the individual competitions and conditions for participation;
- 216.3 names of principal officials;
- 216.4 time and place for the first team captains' meeting and the draw;
- 216.5 timetable for the beginning of the official training and the start times;
- 216.6 location of the official notice board;

- 216.7 time and place for the prize-giving;
- 216.8 final date of entry and address for entries, including telephone, telefax and telegram address.
- 217 Entries
 - 217.1 All entries must be sent so that the Organizing Committee receives them before the final date of entry. The organizers must have a final and complete list not later than 24 hours before the draw, including the draw for the first Downhill training.
 - 217.1.1 National Ski Associations are not permitted to enter the same competitors in more than one competition on the same date.
 - 217.2 Only National Ski Associations are entitled to make entries for international competitions. Every entry should include:
 - 217.2.1 code number, name, first name, year of birth, National Ski Association;
 - 217.2.2 an exact definition of the discipline for which the entry is made.
 - 217.3 With the issuance of a licence and race entry the National Association confirms, that valid and sufficient accident insurance for training and competition is in place for the competitor and assumes full responsibility.
 - 217.4 Entries for FIS World Ski Championships (see Rules for the Organization of FIS World Ski Championships).
 - 217.5 The entry of a competitor by the National Association for a race shall constitute a contract solely between the competitor and the organizer and shall be governed by the Athletes Declaration .
- 218 Team Captains' Meetings
 - 218.1 The time of the first team captains' meeting and of the draw must be shown in the programme. The invitations for all other meetings have to be announced to the team captains at their first meeting. Emergency meetings must be announced in good time.
 - 218.2 Representation by a substitute from another nation during discussions at team captains' meetings is not allowed.
- 219 Draw
 - 219.1 Competitors' starting order for each event and each discipline is decided according to a specific formula by draw and/or point order.
 - 219.1.1 The competitors entered by a National Ski Association will only be drawn provided written entries have been received by the organizer before the closing date.

- 219.1.2 If a competitor is not represented at the team captains meeting by a team captain or trainer, he will only be drawn if it is confirmed by telephone, telegram, or telefax by the beginning of the meeting that the competitors who are entered will participate.
- 219.1.3 Competitors who have been drawn and are not present during the competition, must be named by the TD in his report, indicating if possible the reasons for absence.
- 219.2 Representatives of all the nations taking part must be invited to the draw.
- 219.3 If a competition has to be postponed by at least one day, the draw must be done again.
- 220 Medical Examinations
- 220.1 The National Ski Associations are responsible for the fitness of their competitors to race.
- 220.2 If requested by the FIS Medical Committee or its representative, competitors must undergo a medical examination before or after the competition.
- 221 Doping
- Doping is forbidden.
- 222 The competitor's obligations
- 222.1 The competitors are obliged to make themselves familiar with the appropriate FIS Rules and must comply with the additional instructions of the Organizing Committee and the Jury.
- 222.2 Competitors are not permitted to compete while under the influence of dope.
- 222.3 Competitors must follow the FIS rules and regulations.
- 222.4 Competitors who do not attend the prize-giving ceremonies without excuse lose their claim to any prize.
In exceptional circumstances, the competitor may be represented by another member of his team, but this person has no right to take his place on the podium.
- 222.5 Competitors must behave in a correct and sportsmanlike manner towards member of the Organizing Committee officials and the public.
- 223 Rights and Duties of the Team Captains and Trainers
- ~~223.1 The team captains and trainers must be accredited by the organizers according to quota. The accreditation gives the following rights and duties:~~
- ~~— to be a member of the Jury;~~
 - ~~— to be nominated as a competition official if these have not been appointed by the FIS or if the appointed person is not present;~~
 - ~~— to be issued with a pass or armband during the training or competition (or reimbursement for costs if a lift pass has not been provided);~~

- ~~to be issued with a pass or armband stating the function or marked Course.~~
- ~~223.2 Team captains and trainers must obey the ICR or the decisions of the Jury, and must behave in a proper and sportsmanlike manner.~~
- ~~223.3 A team captain or trainer must fulfil the duties he has accepted as a member of the Jury, or as a Course setter.~~
- 224 Publication of Results
- 224.1 The unofficial and official results will be published in accordance with the rules for the specific discipline.
- 225 Prizes
- 225.1 The detailed rules concerning the awarding of prizes will be published in the ~~International Ski FIS~~ Calendar each spring. Prizes shall consist of mementos, diplomas, or cheques. Prizes for records are forbidden. The FIS Council decides in spring on the values of the prize money for the following competition season. These will be published in the ~~International Ski FIS~~ Calendar. The organizers have to inform the FIS Office by October 15th of the amount.
- 225.2 If two or more competitors finish with the same time or receive the same points, they shall be given the same placing. They will be awarded the same prizes, titles or diplomas. The allocation of titles or prizes by drawing lots or by another competition is not allowed.
- 226 Television
- 226.1 Rights of the National Member Associations
Each of the FIS-affiliated National Ski Associations, and only those associations, are entitled to enter into contracts which apply to the transmission of international ski events which the association organizes in its country. Such contracts shall be prepared in consultation with the FIS and shall be in the best interest of the sport of skiing and snowboarding and of the National Ski Associations.
This applies to the transmission in the associations own country as well as for transmission in telecasting range of other countries (hillrights).
Excepted are the Olympic Winter Games and FIS World Ski Championships which belong to the IOC respectively to the FIS.
- 226.2 ~~Best Possible and Most Extensive Publicity~~
~~With the conclusion of agreements between an association or organizer mentioned in art. 226.1, with a television organization or agency, attention has to be paid that in any individual case all possibilities have to be observed to secure the optimal quality of publicity as well as the widest possible transmission range for ski events shown in the International Ski Calendar.~~
~~Best and most extensive publicity through high quality TV.~~
- In terms of agreements according to article 226.1 with a TV organization or agency, attention must be paid to the quality of TV transmissions for all ski and snowboard events – especially for FIS World Cup competitions – shown in the FIS Calendar, in particular concerning:

- Top quality and optimal production of a TV signal in which sport is the centerpiece;
- Adequate consideration and presentation of advertising and event sponsors; Where it is appropriate to current market conditions for the discipline and level of the FIS competition series, production of the entire event for live transmission, including coverage of all competitors and a world feed;
- Transmission on best possible TV channels offering the greatest potential audience exposures based on size or demographics.
- Where it is appropriate to the nature of TV market in the region of the host nation, there should be live TV transmission in at least the country where the event takes place and in the most interested other countries.
- Live TV transmission must include the official FIS logo, timing and data information and results, as well as graphics and international sound.

- 226.3 Control by the FIS Council
The FIS Council exercises control over the adherence by National Ski Associations and all organizers to the principles of art. 226.2. Contracts, or individual clauses thereof, which adversely affect the interests of the FIS, of a member National Ski Association, or of its organizer must be appropriately evaluated by the FIS Council.
- 226.4 Olympic Winter Games, FIS World Ski Championships
All TV rights of Olympic Winter Games and World Ski Championships belong to the IOC respectively to the FIS.
- 226.5 Contracts
The expense for the acquisition of the basic signal (original picture and sound without commentary) and commissions have to be agreed on between the producing network and the networks having bought the rights.
- 226.6 Short Reports
Television reports and information which do not last longer than three minutes are excluded from the above stipulations. Such reports shall, if possible be produced by the host broadcaster and put at the disposal of other networks, under the condition that such reports cannot be shown before the rights holder has shown the event and in any case not later than 72 hours after the event. In order to strengthen this rule only right holders shall be admitted to the restricted media area.
- 227 Film Rights
- 227.1 In all competitions in the FIS Calendar (especially for the FIS World Cups) the "FIS Advertising Guidelines" must be observed in regard to advertising possibilities in the competition area respectively in the TV area. These "FIS Advertising Guidelines", laid down by the FIS Council, are an integral part of the FIS contracts with organizers respectively of the regulations for their implementation.
- 227.2 Agreement between a film producer and an organizer of FIS World Ski Championships or other international competitions regarding film recording of those events must be approved by the FIS Council if the films are to be shown for commercial purposes in other countries than those in which the competition takes place.

- 228 Service Personnel, Suppliers and Firms' Representatives
- In principle these regulations apply to all disciplines, taking into consideration the special published rules.
- 228.1 The Organizing Committee of an event must provide the Technical Delegate with a list of suppliers and equipment service personnel accredited to the competition.
- 228.2 It is forbidden under FIS Rules for suppliers and for persons in their service to advertise inside the restricted area or to wear clearly visible commercial markings on their clothing or equipment which do not conform with art. 211.
- 228.3 Accredited service personnel and suppliers receive from the FIS Office an official FIS accreditation and must perform their specified function. The individual organizers are free to accredit additional company representatives or other important persons.
- 228.4 All accredited service personnel and suppliers who have the official FIS accreditation or a special accreditation from the organizer for Course or Jumping-hill have access to the courses and jumping-hills (according to special rules of the discipline).
Other accredited persons are admitted to the start area and/or the service area at the finish.
- 228.5 The Different Types of Accreditation
- 228.5.1 Technical Delegates, Jury, persons accredited according to art. 606 and the persons mentioned in art. 228.3 with clearly visible accreditation have access to the courses and jumping-hills.
- 228.5.2 Servicemen attached to teams are permitted entry to start area and service area at the finish. They are not allowed entry to the courses or jumping-hills.
- 228.5.3 Company representatives accredited at the discretion of the organizers who do not have armbands are not permitted entry to the courses and restricted service areas.
- 229 Insurance and Civil Responsibility
- 229.1 The race organizer must take out liability insurance for all members of the Organizing Committee. The FIS shall provide its employees and appointed officials, who are not members of the Organizing Committee, with liability insurance when they are acting on behalf of the FIS.
- 229.2 Before the first training day or competition, the organizer must be in possession of a binder or cover note issued by a recognized insurance company and present it to the Technical Delegate. The Organizing Committee require liability insurance with coverage of at least CHF 1'000'000; this sum can be increased according to special rules (World Cup etc).
- 229.3 The International Ski Federation may take over responsibility for carrying out the competition if the organizer does not have the necessary insurance documents in place.

- 229.4 All racers participating in FIS events must carry accident insurance, in sufficient amounts to cover accident, transport and rescue costs including race risks. The National Federations are responsible for adequate insurance coverage of all racers sent and inscribed by them
The National Association or their competitors must be able to show proof of the respective insurance coverage at any time on request of the FIS, one of its representatives or the Organizing Committee.

230 Competition Equipment

- 230.1 A competitor may only take part in an international FIS competition with equipment which conforms to the FIS Regulations. A competitor is responsible for the equipment that he uses (skis, snowboard, bindings, ski boots, suit, etc). It is his duty to check that the equipment he uses conforms to the FIS specifications and general safety requirements and is in working order.
- 230.2 The term competition equipment encompasses all items of equipment which the athlete uses in competitions. This includes clothing as well as apparatus with technical functions. The entire competition equipment forms a functional unit.
- 230.3 All new developments in the field of competition equipment must be approved in principle by the FIS. The FIS does not take any responsibility for the approval of new technical developments, which at the time of introduction may contain unknown dangers to the health or cause an increase in the risk of accidents.
- 230.4 New developments must be submitted by May 1st, at the latest, for the following season. The first year new developments can only be approved provisionally for the following season and must be finally confirmed prior to the subsequent competition season.
- 230.5 The Committee for Competition Equipment publishes equipment by-laws after approval by the FIS Council (definitions or descriptions of the equipment items which are allowed).
In principle unnatural or artificial aids which modify the value of the sports performance of the athletes and/or constitute a technical correction of the individual's physical predisposition to a defective performance, as well as competition equipment which endanger the health of the competitors or increase the danger of accidents are to be excluded.
- 230.6 Controls
Before and during the competition season or on submission of protests to the Technical Delegate at the competition concerned, various controls can be carried out by members of the Committee for Competition Equipment. Should there be a well-founded suspicion that regulations were violated, the equipment items will be confiscated immediately by the controllers or Technical Delegates in the presence of witnesses and be forwarded sealed to the FIS Office, which will submit the items to a final control by an officially recognized institution. In cases of protest against items of the competition equipment, the losing party will bear the investigation costs.